# Summarizing the September HPC User Forum meeting Some Highlights

Steve Finn
steve@sfinn.com
Cherokee Information Services Inc.
Chairman, HPC User Forum Steering Committee

# **Meeting Topics**

- HPC in Materials Science \* (Ping Golf)
- Datacenter Power and Cooling \* (TACC only)
- The path to Exascale \* (Sriram Swaminarayan only)
- Clouds for HPC?
- The Future of Lustre \*
- Invited vendor presentations
- Other invited speakers
  - 1000 Genome Project
  - The AFRL Condor Cluster
  - Update on HECToR
  - Data Intensive Computing at SDSC \*
  - Networking Information Technology Research and Development (NITRD)
  - HPC as an Ecosystem
  - IDC Updates

Final agenda: <a href="http://www.hpcuserforum.com/registration/sandiego/sandiegoagenda.pdf">http://www.hpcuserforum.com/registration/sandiego/sandiegoagenda.pdf</a>

Videos of some talks: <a href="http://insidehpc.com/category/events/hpc-user-forum/">http://insidehpc.com/category/events/hpc-user-forum/</a> talks marked with \* available

Presentations: <a href="http://www.hpcuserforum.com/download.html">http://www.hpcuserforum.com/download.html</a>

# Materials Science

- Presentations from:
  - Tim Germann, Los Alamos National Laboratory
  - Bobby Sumpter, Oak Ridge National Laboratory
  - Charles R. Welch, US Army Corps of Engineers
  - Andres Jaramillo-Botero, Caltech
  - Eric Morales. Ping Golf
- Common theme among 1<sup>st</sup> 4 speakers on need to match codes to future architectures including challenges of heterogeneous and hierarchal aspects of future architectures

# Tim Germann

# Co-design is a process by which computer science, applied math, and domain science experts work together to enable scientific discovery

- Hardware is changing dramatically
  - Increased concurrency
  - Increased heterogeneity
  - Reduced memory per core
  - "Business as usual" is not going to work
- · Algorithms and methods will have to be rethought / revisited
  - Flops are (almost always) free
  - Memory is at a premium
  - Power is a constraint for large scale systems
  - Resiliency is a challenge
- Few domain scientists have the extended expertise "from hardware to application" to enable applications to run at exascale
- Success on the next generation of machines will require extensive collaboration between domain scientists, applied mathematicians, computer scientists, and hardware manufacturers



# Tim Germann

#### **Summary**

- Our objective is to establish the interrelationship between algorithms, system software, and hardware required to develop a multiphysics exascale simulation framework for modeling materials subjected to extreme mechanical and radiation environments.
- This effort is focused in four areas:
  - Scale-bridging algorithms
    - » UQ-driven adaptive physics refinement
  - Programming models
    - » Task-based MPMD approaches to leverage concurrency and heterogeneity at exascale while enabling fault tolerance
  - Proxy applications
    - » Communicate the application workload to the hardware architects and system software developers, and used in performance models/simulators/emulators
  - Co-design analysis and optimization
    - » Optimization of algorithms and architectures for performance, memory and data movement, power, and resiliency

# Datacenter Power and Cooling Panel

- Tommy Minyard, Texas Advanced Computing Center
  - Energy efficient strategies in a large data center
  - Servers suspended in mineral oil
- Henry Tufo, University of Colorado Boulder
  - Modular datacenter built by Epsilon in Ontario
     Canada, assembled on-site, measured PUE of 1.1
- Steve Jones, Stanford University
  - Retrofitting an existing building as a datacenter
  - 560 dual socket nodes, 120 NVIDIA M2050 GPU's
  - Chilled Water, PUE 1.5

# Exascale

- Sririam Swaminarayan, Los Alamos National Laboratory
  - Focused on changes to programming models
- Peter Beckman, Argonne National Laboratory
  - International Exascale Software Project
  - Need for investment in software to handle future architectures, recent HPC focus has been on hardware but software needs keep up
- Jeff Nichols, Oak Ridge National Laboratory
  - Partnerships will be crucial for the success of Exascale initiatives, including with industry. Many think Exascale will cost us \$5B over the next 5 years, or about \$600M a year.

# The AFRL Condor Cluster







Integration, Development and Results of the 500 TeraFlop Heterogeneous Cluster (Condor)

September 2011

Mark Barnell Air Force Research Laboratory





#### The Condor Cluster



FY10 DHPI Key design considerations: Price/performance & Performance/Watt

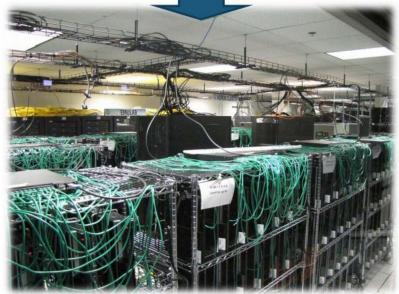


#### 84 head nodes

- · 6 gateway access points
- 78 compute nodes
  - Intel Xeon X5650 dual-socket hexa-core
  - (2) NVIDIA Tesla GPGPUs
    - 49 nodes (98) C2050
    - 15 nodes (30) C2070
    - 14 nodes (28) C1060
  - 24 GB RAM (\*48GB)

#### 1716 SONY Playstation3s

- STI Cell Broadband Engine
  - PowerPC PPE
  - 6 SPEs
  - 256 MB RAM



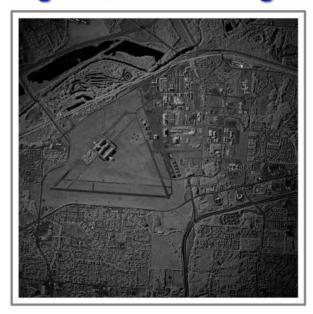




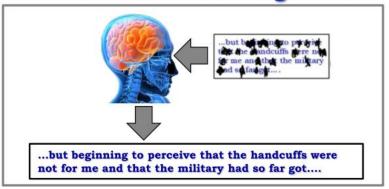
# Solving Demanding, Real-Time Military Problems



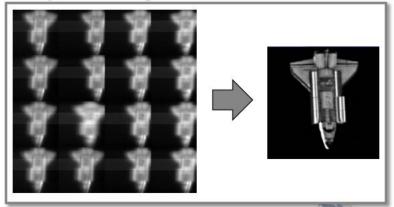
# Radar processing for high resolution images



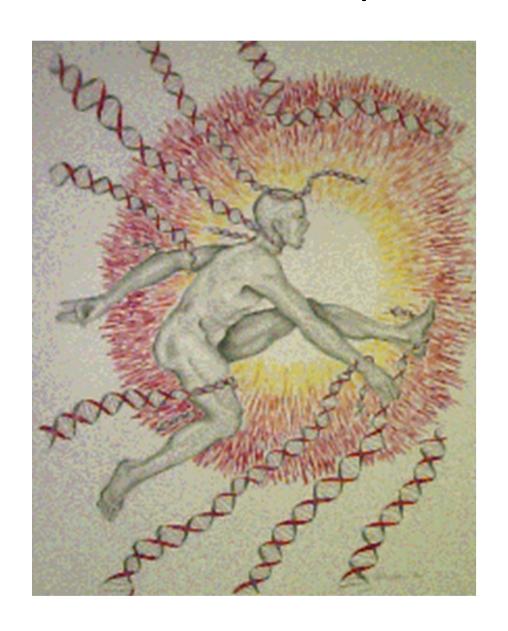
#### Occluded text recognition



#### **Space object identification**



#### **Skip Garner VBI**



Analysis of the 1,000 Genomes data is enabling us to understand the basal level of variation in microsatellite loci – to discover new diagnostic markers, drug targets and toxicology tests

HPC Users Forum September 7, 2011

Virginia Bioinformatics Institute
Virginia Tech

### We have established a pipeline for the 1000 Genome Project and TCGA data

- Repeat 2,000,000 times per genome
- Thousands of genomes
- Data mine the finished product

bwa aln part: ~4GB file (14 million 76 bp ready) takes 2 minutes on Convey HC-1. Or ~4 hours running on a sngle node 2x AMD Opteron 4174 (6 cores each, 2.8GHz, 6M Cache), 48GB RAM 1333MHz, with 4 NVidia Tesla GPU cards.

